F-8-66 Ca. 1822

St. John's Reformed Church
Woodsboro, Maryland
Private

St. John's Reformed Church is a rectangular stone building with a standing seam metal gable roof and a domed open belfry. Constructed by 1822 with the cornerstone having been laid in 1802, it can be linked to an early period in Woodsboro's history. The building represents the early history of German religious sects in Frederick County. Architecturally, the church demonstrates vernacular attempts at style in a religious building through a series of alterations.

F-8-66 St. John's Reformed Church Woodsboro Frederick County

#### **HISTORIC CONTEXT:**

#### MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont (Harford, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Howard, Montgomery Counties, and Baltimore City)

Chronological/Development Period:
Agricultural-Industrial Transition 1815-1870

Prehistoric/Historic Period Themes:
Architecture, Landscape Architecture and Community Planning Religion

### Resource Type:

Category: Buildings

Historic Environment: Village

Historic Function and Use:
Religion/Religious Structure/church

Known Design Source: None

# Tax Map 950, Parcel 789

Maryland Historical Trust HISTORIC PROPERTIES State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. F-8-66

Magi No.

DOE \_\_yes \_\_no

1. Nan	<b>ne</b> (indicate p	oreferred name)				
historic St.	John's Reformed C	hurch				
and/or common	1					
2. Loc	ation					
street & numbe	er Second Street				_ not for publicati	on
city, town	Woodsboro	vicinity of	congressional di	strict 6	th	
state Mar	yland	county	Frederick			
3. Clas	ssification					
Category  district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not_applicable	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress AccessibleX yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercia education entertainm governme industrial military	al al ient	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation	
4. Owi	ner of Prope	erty (give names a	nd mailing add	resses	of <u>all</u> owner	s)
name St.	John's United Churc	ch of Christ				
street & numbe	r		teleph	one no.	:	
city, town	Woodsboro	state	and zip code		and 21798	
	ation of Le	gal Description				
		<u> </u>				
courthouse, reg	gistry of deeds, etc. No	o deed reference avai	lable	··	liber	
street & numbe	r				folio	
city, town		7.44.		state		
<u>6. Rep</u>	resentation	n in Existing	Historical	Surve	ys	
title						
date			federal	state	county	_ locai
uepository for s	survey records					
city, town				state		

## 7. Description

Survey No. F-8-66

Condition  excellent deterioratedX good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one  X original site  moved date of move	
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Contributing Resource Count: 1

#### Description:

St. John's Reformed Church, a rectangular stone building with a standing seam metal gable roof and a domed open belfry, is located on the east side of North Second Street in Woodsboro, Maryland. Built in 1822, the principal elevation is the west gable end with a mid-twentieth century concrete block addition adjoining the east end.

The principal facade contains ashlar cut stone in regular courses with a roughly tooled finish in a vernacular attempt at high style. The first level of the building has two door openings of symmetrical placement. Each door has 2 parts with panelling in a bible cross design. The doors are recessed with panels in the recesses. Each also has a 2 light transom with leaded glass. The heavy lintels above the entries are carved in a diamond pattern and have molded entablatures at each end. In the center of the facade, a large rounded arched window with hood molding has 2 lights (1/1): a leaded, stained glass design in the lights shows the name of the church and a cross in a circle. The large wooden sill is also molded. An open belfry is located at the ridge line near the gable peak resting on a 7-sided base. Classical columns rise from the base forming rounded arched openings. A bracketed cornice lies underneath a domed roof of standing seam metal; a bulbous pendant rests on the center of the dome.

The south and north elevations are comprised of three symmetrical bays: each contains a large Gothic window with a pointed brick arch, a stained glass design and heavy wood surrounds. Molded brick corbeling steps up to the cornice. Heavy vertical lines of mortar have been infilled between the stone above each window arch at the corners, possibly indicating that the arches were fit into existing stonework. On the south elevation, the stone masonry is ashlar and regular but not as smoothly finished as the treatment on the facade; on the north, the masonry is coursed rubblestone. The north elevation also has a stone watertable. The south elevation has a brick exterior chimney corbeled near the cap and a 1 story small vinyl-sided addition in the center with an original door facing west and a 4 light fixed window on the south wall.

A 2 story concrete block addition abuts the church on the east wall, extending beyond the length of the church on each side. It is vinyl sided on the second floor. The upper stories of the church rise above the addition showing a coursed rubblestone elevation with no openings.

The interior of the building was not accessible for this survey.

Remnants of a cemetery exist in the rear yard with three gravestones dating from the late nineteenth century.

1500	0–1499 archeology-historic 0–1599 agriculture 0–1699 architecture 0–1799 art 0–1899 commerce	•	law literature military music	e X religion  science  sculpture  social/  humanitarian  theater  transportation  other (specify)
Specific	dates	Builder/Architect		
check:	Applicable Criteria: XA and/or Applicable Exception:A		EFG	
	Level of Significance:	nationalstate	X local	

F-8-66

Survey No.

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

#### Significance Summary

8. Significance

St. John's Reformed Church was constructed by 1822 with the cornerstone having been laid in 1802 which links it to an early period in Woodsboro's history. Historically, St. John's Reformed Church functioned jointly as both a Lutheran Church and a Reformed Church. The building represents the early history of German religious sects in Frederick County. These sects experienced conflicting periods of unification and division into the twentieth century. Architecturally, the church demonstrates vernacular attempts at style in a religious building through a series of alterations.

#### Historic Context

St. John's Reformed Church, an early nineteenth century stone religious building in Frederick County, retains a high degree of integrity. It is an extant survivor of German stone religious architecture of its period in the county. Its modifications seem typical of a building of its type with changing functions to accommodate a growing congregation.

#### History and Support

The congregation of St. John's Reformed Church was initially a joint congregation of Lutheran and Reformed (also referred to as Presbyterian). The building for this congregation was completed in 1822 and then rebuilt in 1940 for \$1200. In 1860, the church divided and became exclusively Reformed. After being struck by lightning, the building was altered again in 1889. A new addition was constructed to the rear of the building in 1957.

In the first half of the twentieth century, religious politics dictated that the German Reformed Church merge with the Evangelical Church to become the Evangelical and Reformed Church. Following that change, the Evangelical and Reformed Church joined the Congregational Church of America in forming the United Church of Christ. Today, St. John's Reformed Church houses the congregation of the Woodsboro United Church of Christ. Into the early twentieth century, the strong German origins of the church were demonstrated in the surnames of both the brethren and the pastors with names like Feiser, Houck, Schwarber, Etzler and Hoffman.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No.

F-8-66

Smith, Francis M., Woodsboro Remembers, (privately published), 1976.

10. Geographi	cal Data		
Acreage of nominated property	lot size 66' x , MD plete UTM refer		Quadrangle scale 1:24000
^	rthing	B Zone D F	Easting Northing
		H	
Verbal boundary description a Tax Map 950, parcel 78 Church.		torically asso	ciated with St. John's Reformed
List all states and counties fo	r properties over	county	county boundaries
state	code	county	code
11. Form Preparent	ared By		
name/title Mary Kendall Sh	ipe, Historic	Sites Surveyor	
organization Frederick Cou	nty Dept. of P	lanning & Zoni	ng date March 1991
street & number 12 E. Chur	ch Street	t	telephone 301-696-2958
city or town Frederick			state Maryland 21701

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

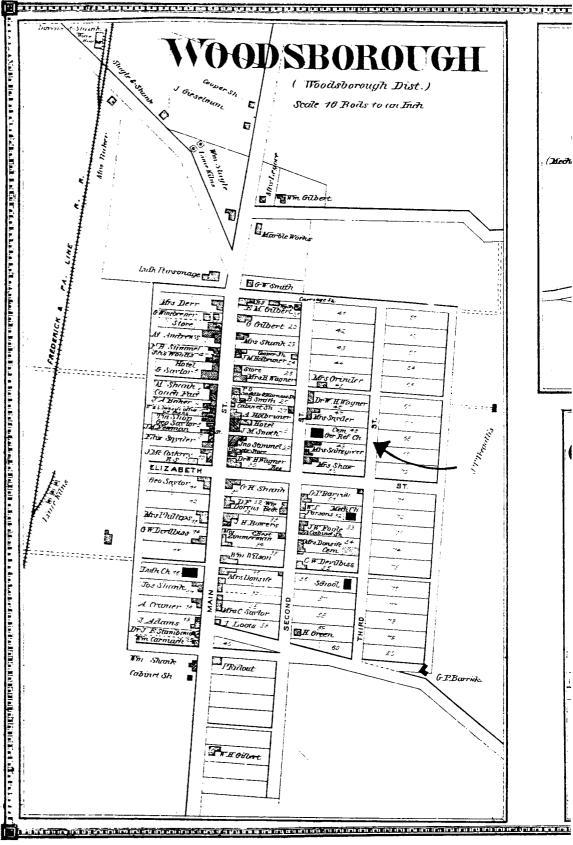
Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

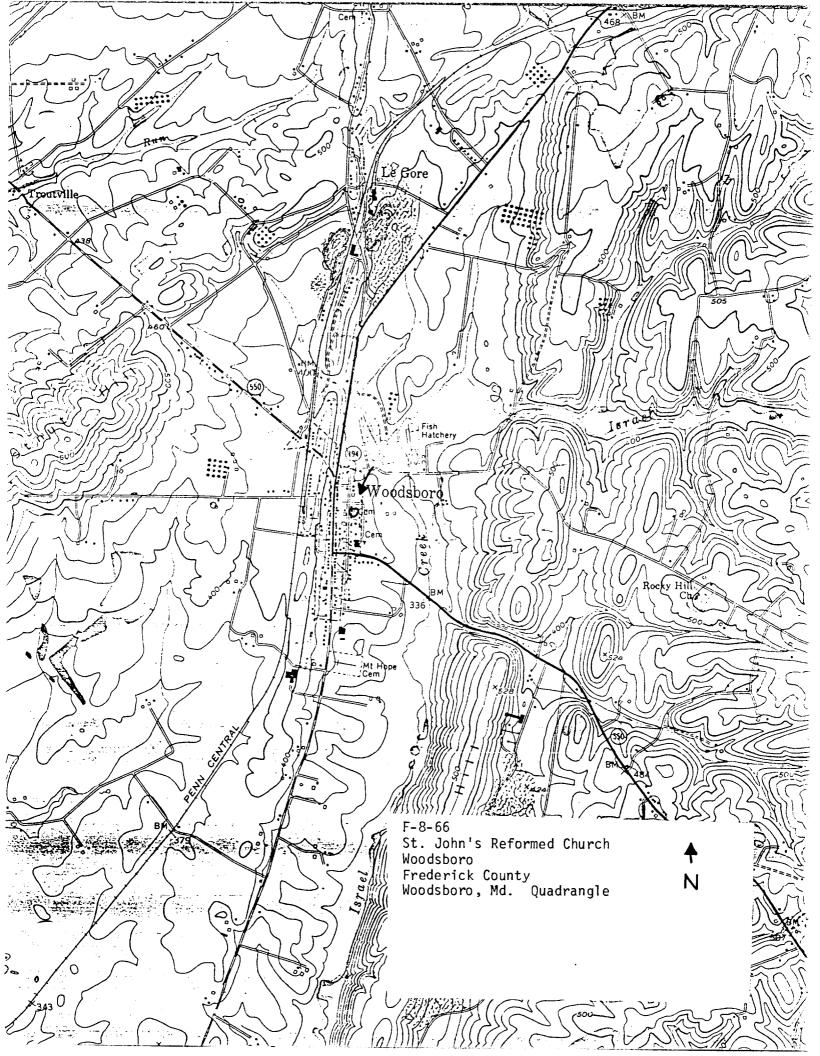
21 State Circle

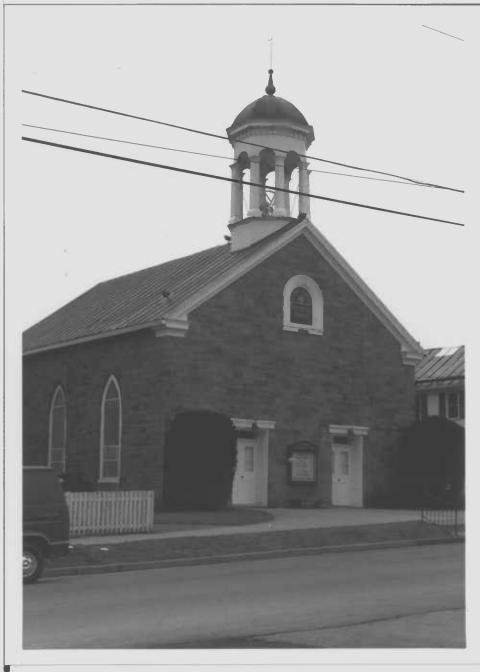
Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438



F-8-66
St. John's Reformed Church
Woodsboro
Frederick County
Atlas of Frederick County, Maryland
C.O. Titus & Co., Philadelphia, 1873





F-8-66 St. John's Reformed Church " N Second St Woodsboto Frederick County Photo: Jonet Douis February 1991 Neg. loc .. Mary land Historical Trust Arropolis, Ad 1/2



F-8-66 St John's Referred Church Second Street Woodsbero Frederick Country Photo: Javet Davis February 1991 Neg. Loc: Maryland thistorical Trust
Annapolis MD East Elevation 2/2